Medically Assisted Treatment

Vivitrol

Methadone

Suboxone and Subutex
Why use MAT

When a high functioning M.A.T. program is paired with a high functioning Healing to Wellness Court
Criteria for Federally Recognized MAT PROGRAM for take home use

1.) Absence of recent abuse of drugs (opioid or nonnarcotic), including alcohol

2.) Regular clinic attendance

3.) Absence of serious behavioral problems at the clinic

4.) Absence of known recent criminal activity, e.g., drug dealing

5.) Stable home environment and social relationships

6.) Sufficient time in comprehensive maintenance treatment

7.) Assurance that take-home medication can be safely stored within the patient's home

8.) Rehabilitative benefits the patient derives from decreasing the frequency of clinic attendance outweighs the potential risks of diversion
1.) During the first 90 days of treatment, the take-home supply beyond that of paragraph is limited to a single dose each week, and the patient shall ingest all other doses under appropriate supervision.

2.) In the second 90 days of treatment, the take-home supply is two doses per week.

3.) In the third 90 days of treatment, the take-home supply is three doses per week.

4.) In the remaining months of the first year, a patient may be given a maximum 6-day supply of take-home medication.
5.) After 1 year of continuous treatment, a patient may be given a maximum 2-week supply of take-home medication.

6.) After 2 years of continuous treatment, a patient may be given a maximum one-month supply of take-home medication, but must make monthly visits.

Upon examining these criteria, we see that in the first 180 days the patient should only have a take-home maximum of three doses a week.
Alcohol

If you test for the metabolite *Ethyl Glucuronide* 3 to 4 days or approximately 80 hours via urine.

Twice the legal limit for drunk driving it would take 13 hours for it not to show up on a PBT.
Gabapentin (Neurotin, Lyrica)

3-4 days to get out of system
Bath Salts

Mephedrone

Does not show up well in swab test.

Light use can be out of the system in 1-2 days. Moderate use 3-4 days. Heavy use 4+ days

They do not know the permanent effects of bath salt use.
Spice

HU-210 has been found to be between 100 to 800 times more potent than THC, the main active chemical in marijuana."

Out of system in three days
Kratom

The drug may be bought in leaf form but in this country, it is more likely to be purchased as a capsule filled with powdered leaf material or a chopped up form of the leaf that can be used for tea or smoking. Most people ingest the drug.
A person using this drug may not expect or want the following undesirable effects of kratom:

- Edginess, nervousness
- Vomiting (can be severe and prolonged)
- Nausea (can be severe and prolonged)
- Sweating
- Itching
- Constipation
- Delusions
- Lethargy
- Respiratory depression
- Tremors
- Aggressive or combative behavior
- Psychotic episodes
- Hallucinations
- Paranoia
Marijuana

Single use - 3 days
Moderate Use (4 times per week) – 5 Days
Heavy Use (every day) - 10 Days
Chronic Heavy Use - 30 Days
Amphetamines

1-2 Days

(Biphetamine, Black Beauties, Crosses, Dexedrine, Hearts)
Benzodiazepines

(Librium, Rohypnol, Valium, Roofies, Tranks, Xanax)
Most 2-3 Days, Some 4-8 Days
Opiates

3 days to get out of system
Cocaine

Less then one day

Ritalin
LSD/PCP

Hours up to 5 days

1-8 days
MDMA (Ecstasy)

1-5 Days
Methamphetamines

(Crank, Crystal, Desoxyn, Glass, Ice, Speed)
2-4 Days
Urine Sample Dilution

Dilution results in the drug residue appearing less concentrated in the urine sample. The addition of any fluid will result also in a reduced amount of creatinine, a natural substance the body produces, and a reduced specific gravity.

Specific gravity- weight of urine compared to water.
Ways to fool drug test
Top Abused Drugs in the USA

PBT's
For More Information . . .

TLPI believes in providing resources free of charge, or at minimal cost, whenever possible.

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or

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